

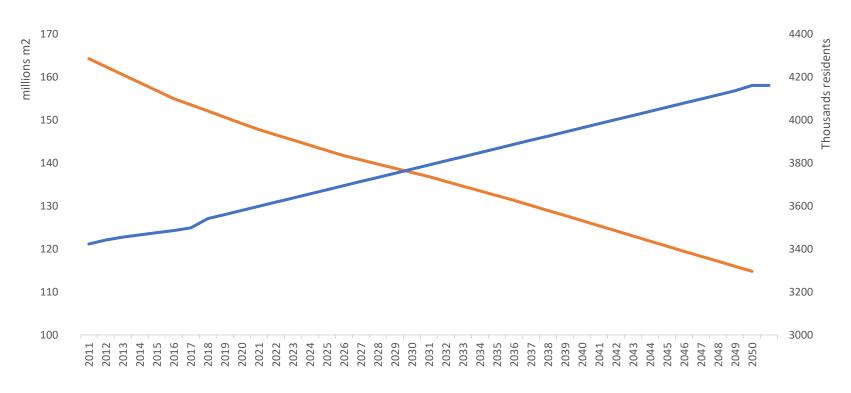
Revision of Long Term Renovation Strategy for Republic of Croatia

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Building stock development until 2050 based on medium demographic development scenario (3,3 mil residents)

Projection of residential building stock size and population



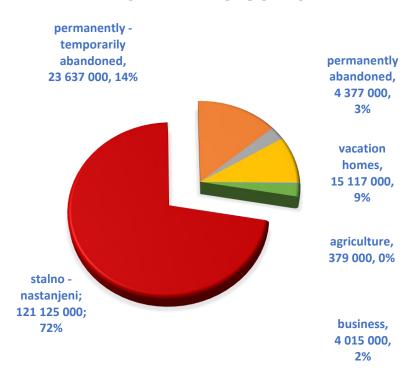


Change in use of residential building stock 2001 to 2011

RESIDENTIAL STOCK 2001

permanently permanently temporarily abandoned, abandoned, 2 333 533, 12 824 336, 10% 2% vacation homes, 10 390 305, 8% agriculture, 282 084, 0% permanently business, inhabited, 1 660 877, 105 815 623, 1% **79%**

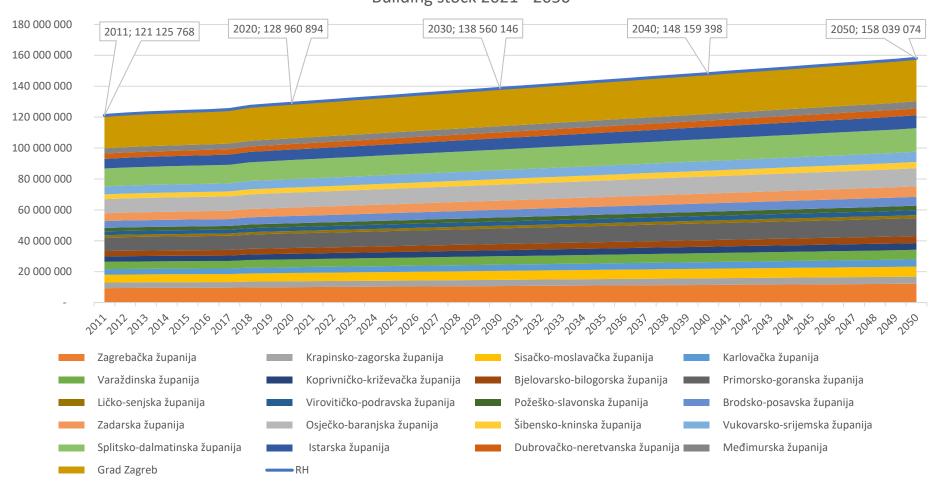
RESIDENTIAL STOCK 2011





Building stock development until 2050 following medium demographic development scenario (3,3 mil residents)

Building stock 2021 - 2050





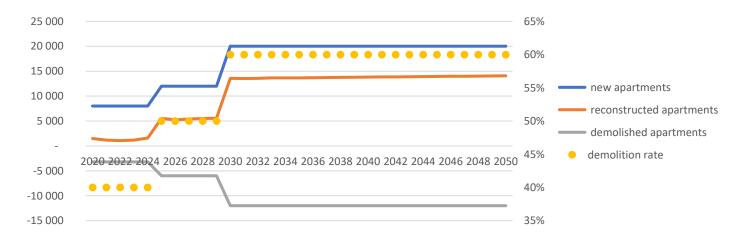
Annual residential building area growth 2012/2011 2013/2012 2014/2013 2015/2014 2016/2015 2017/2016 index ID 1,002 1,000 16 Κ Vukovarsko-srijemska županija 1,008 1,003 0,999 1,002 Koprivničko-križevačka županija 1,004 6 Κ 1,002 1,002 1,002 1,002 1,003 Κ Krapinsko-zagorska županija 1,004 1,004 1,002 1,002 2 1,002 1,002 Osječko-baranjska županija 1,004 1,002 14 Κ 1,005 1,002 1,001 1,002 Sisačko-moslavačka županija 1,004 1,003 1,005 1,001 1,001 3 Κ 1,001 Bjelovarsko-bilogorska županija Κ 1,005 1,003 1,003 1,002 1,002 1,002 7 1,003 1,003 1,004 1,002 Karlovačka županija 1,003 1,002 4 Κ 10 Κ Virovitičko-podravska županija 1,007 1,003 1,002 1,002 1,002 1,002 11 Κ Požeško-slavonska županija 1,006 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,002 Varaždinska županija 1,007 1,003 1,003 1,004 1,004 1,004 5 Κ 1,007 1,003 12 Κ Brodsko-posavska županija 1,005 1,004 1,003 1,004 Zagrebačka županija 1,008 1,005 1,003 1,003 1,003 1 Κ 1,003 Κ **Grad Zagreb** 1,008 1,005 1,004 1,004 1,003 1,007 21 Splitsko-dalmatinska županija 1,008 17 J 1,005 1,006 1,006 1,005 1,006 20 Κ Međimurska županija 1,007 1,005 1,006 1,005 1,006 1,008 15 J Šibensko-kninska županija 1,008 1,007 1,006 1,005 1,005 1,007 Ličko-senjska županija 1,008 1,007 1,006 1,007 9 J 1,010 1,008 8 J Primorsko-goranska županija 1,012 1,009 1,007 1,006 1,007 1,007 19 J Dubrovačko-neretvanska županija 1,011 1,011 1,008 1,006 1,008 1,008 18 J Istarska županija 1,014 1,010 1,009 1,007 1,007 1,010 13 J Zadarska županija 1,013 1,010 1,008 1,009 1,008 1,012



Renovation rate 3% and 1,6%

Scenario	S1		S2			
period	2021. – 2030.	2031. – 2040.	2041. – 2050.	2021. – 2030.	2031. – 2040.	2041. – 2050.
Renovation – residential (millions m²)	17,42	18,21	19,00	8,71	9,11	9,50
Renovation – non residential (millions m²)	8,94	8,94	8,94	4,88	4,88	4,88
Investment – residential and nonresidential (billion kn)	26,13	27,32	28,50	13,06	13,66	14,25
Total investment (billions kn)	81,95		40,97			

- S1 renovation/replacement of 55.000 residential units annualy
- S2 renovation/replacement of 30.000 residential units annualy





Retrofit options

- Implementation of **individual retrofit measures** as individual steps in staged deep retrofit
- **Integral retrofit** includes more energy retrofit measures, with mandatory measures on building envelope (demand reduction first)
- **Deep retrofit** includes measures on building envelope AND technical systems resulting in useful heating energy ($Q_{\rm H,nd}$) reduction by 50% and primary energy ($E_{\rm prim}$) reduction by 50% compared to consumption before retrofit
- Comprehensive retrofit includes optimal deep retrofit or integral retrofit measures in combination with measures for healthy indoor environment, improvement of mechanical resilience and stability – particularly earthquake resistance, and fire safety measures. Comprehensive retfofit can include other measures improving fulfillment of other core requirements for buildings.



KPI – Energy roadmap 2050

2015.	policy for energy reconstruction of buildings	+
	agreement on requirements for reconstructed buildings in 2050	+
	overview of integrated refurbishment techniques for different building categories	+
	developed techniques for integral building refurbishment for most building types	+
	training materials developed	+
	governmental support for research in energy refurbishment	+
2017.	developed techniques for integral building refurbishment for most building types	+
	5% of construction companies certified for energy refurbishment to nZEB 5% workers trained for nZEB	+/-
	energy refurbishment in university and school curriculum	+/-
	plans for governmental incentives for energy refurbishment of public buildings and social housing developed	+
	governmental support for research and introduction of energy refurbishment	+/-
	governmental support for construction workforce training	+
2020.	5% of buildings refurbished to nZEB and high energy efficiency level	+
	1% of building refurbished to nZEB annually	-
	developed refurbishment techniques for most building types	+
	integral/deep/comprehensive refurbishment techniques developed	+
	20% of construction companies certified for energy refurbishment to nZEB 20% workers trained for nZEB	-
	government secures funding for refurbishment of public buildings and incentivizes social housing refurbishment	+
	user training by energy agencies etc.	+
	training materials for schools and faculties developed	+



KPI – Energy roadmap 2050

2025.	12% of buildings nZEB or very energy efficient 2% of buildings integrally refurbished annually techniques for integral refurbishment developed 20% of users aware of positive impact of energy refurbishment of buildings techniques for refurbishment of historical buildings under development 50% of construction companies certified for energy refurbishment for nZEB, 50% of workforce trained in energy refurbishment governmental support for the banks financing integral refurbishment for socially sensitive groups user education for energy refurbishment
2030.	30% buildings nZEB or very energy efficient 3,5% buildings integrally refurbished annually legislative for all buildings to be highly energy efficient as precondition for sale rent prepared integral refurbishment requirements fully developed with optimized costs construction companies certified for energy refurbishment, workforce trained in energy refurbishment 50% users aware of positive impact of energy refurbishment of buildings techniques for refurbishment of historical buildings developed
2040.	60% of buildings nZEB or very energy efficient 3,5% of buildings integrally refurbished annually 4% of historical buildings refurbished annually 95% users aware of positive impact of energy refurbishment of buildings
2050.	GHG reduction by 80% all buildings nZEB or very energy efficient 4% of buildings integrally refurbished annually 95% users aware of positive impact of energy refurbishment of buildings



Retrofit volume and cost

Razdobljet	2021. – 2030.	2031. – 2040.	2041. – 2050.		
retrofit volume - residential	17 77	24.57	10.50		
(million m²)	17,77	24,57	18,58		
retrofit volume – non - residential	10.67	14.10	10.00		
(million m²)	10,67	14,10	10,98		
retrofit cost – residential and non-residential (billion kn)	71,24	97,26	74,73		
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total retrofit cost (billion kn)	243,23				
replacement of demolished buildings -					
residential (million m²)	2,40	2,16	2,54		
new buildings - residential					
(million m²)	9,60	9,60	10,16		
new buildings – non-residential					
(million m²)	3,27	2,49	1,69		
total cost for replacement of demolished	440.20	400.76	407.63		
buildings and new buildings (billion kn)	118,39	108,76	107,63		
total cost retrofit and new buildings (billion kn)	334,77				



Required energy sector and building renovation investment – Energy strategy 2030.

